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(71) Applicant: MITSUBISHI DENKI KABUSHIKI
KAISHA
Tokyo 100 (JP)

(72) Inventors:
• Oda, Keisuke,
c/o Mitsubishi Denki K.K.
Fukuyama-shi, Hiroshima-ken (JP)

• Kouzai, Fumio,
c/o Mitsubishi Denki K.K.
Fukuyama-shi, Hiroshima-ken (JP)

(74) Representative: Fücksle, Klaus, Dipl.-Ing. et al
Hoffmann, Eitle & Partner,
Patentanwälte,
Arabellastrasse 4
81925 München (DE)

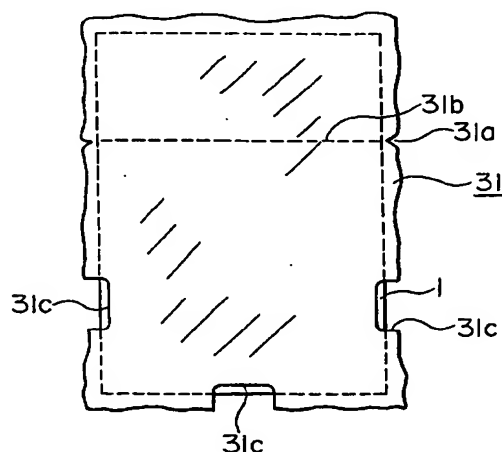
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This application was filed on 20 - 12 - 1996 as a
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(54) **Printing paper protecting device**

(57) The present invention is directed to the prevention of soiling of a printing surface of printing paper whilst a stack of said paper is manually loaded into a paper cassette. This is achieved by loosely packaging a stack of said paper in packing material having a removable forward end portion; and further providing the remainder of the packing material with open portions; or portions designed to be opened along perforations; to permit the resulting product to be loaded into a paper cassette whilst manually holding only the packing material and permitting the stack of paper where said open portions exist to make direct contact with positioning protrusions of said cassette.

FIG. 1



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Description

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

FIELD OF THE INVENTION:

This invention relates to a printing paper protecting device which is capable of preventing the printing surface of printing paper, such as sublimation type printing paper, from being soiled during transportation or loading into the paper cassette.

DESCRIPTION OF THE RELATED ART:

Fig. 7 is a perspective view illustrating an example of how a stack of conventional printing paper is packaged. In Fig. 7, a paper stack 1, consisting of sheets of sublimation type printing paper (image-receiving paper), is loosely packaged by a packaging material 2. In other words, the first packaging material 2 has a size larger than that of the paper. The first packaging material 2 has a notch 2a and opening perforations 2b.

Fig. 8 is a perspective view illustrating another example of how a stack of conventional sublimation type printing paper is packaged. In Fig. 8, the paper stack 1 is closely packaged by a second packaging material 3. The second packaging material 3 has an opening ribbon 3a.

Fig. 9 is a plan view illustrating an example of a paper cassette for a printer. In Fig. 9, a side wall surface of a cassette body 4 is provided with positioning protrusions 4a which make contact with the rear end portion and two side surface portions of the printing paper. A pair of separating claws 5 are mounted in the cassette body 4 at positions where they make contact with the two corners of the forward end portion of the printing paper. The separating claws 5 separate the printing paper one by one when the paper is fed. Also, a pressure plate 6 on which the printing paper is placed is provided inside the cassette body 4. Springs 7 are provided between the cassette body 4 and the pressure plate 6 to urge the pressure plate 6 in the upward direction.

How the paper stack 1 is set in the paper cassette will be explained. In the case of the paper stack 1 packaged by the first packaging material 2 shown in Fig. 7, first, the first packaging material 2 is unsealed from the notch 2a along the unsealing perforations 2b. Next, the forward end portion of the paper stack 1 is placed in the cassette body 4 at a predetermined position with the paper stack 1 being held by the hand over the remaining portion of the first packaging material 2, as shown in Fig. 10. Thereafter, the remaining portion of the first packaging material 2 is pulled out in the direction indicated by an arrow in Fig. 10.

In the case of the paper stack 1 packaged by the second packaging material 3 shown in Fig. 8, since the paper stack 1 is closely packaged by the packaging material 3, it is difficult to pull out the second packaging material 3 in the manner shown in Fig. 10. Hence, after

the unsealing ribbon 3a is removed, the whole of the second packaging material 3 is peeled off the paper stack 1. Then, the paper stack 1 is placed in the cassette body 4 at a predetermined position with the paper stack 1 being directly held by the hand, as shown in Fig. 11.

The paper cassette with the paper stack 1 set therein is loaded in a printer body 8, as shown in Fig. 12.

In the case of the conventional paper stack which is packaged by the first packaging material 2 shown in Fig. 7, since the paper stack 2 is loosely packaged, the end portion of the paper stack 1 may be out of true due to vibrations which occur during transportation or the like. To set such a paper stack 1 in true, the paper stack 1 must be handled by the hands, making the printing surface (the dyeing surface) of the printing paper soiled by the fats (fingerprints) or the like. In the case of the conventional paper stack packaged by the second packaging material shown in Fig. 8, since the paper stack 1 is closely packaged, the corner portions of the second packaging material 3 may be damaged, thus damaging the printing paper. Furthermore, the paper stack 1 must be handled directly by the hands, and this makes the printing surface of the printing paper soiled. Printing cannot be partially done on the printing paper whose printing surface is partially soiled. Consequently, the printing paper is wasted, and the printing quality deteriorates.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, an object of the present invention is to provide a printing paper protecting device which is capable of reliably preventing soiling of the printing surface of printing paper so as to enhance the printing quality.

In order to achieve the above object, the present invention provides a paper stack consisting of a pile of printing paper loosely packaged in packing material, said packing material having an unsealing portion enabling an end portion of said packing material to be removed to expose a forward end portion of the paper stack; in a manner enabling paper to be removed from said stack and from the remainder of said packing material;

said remainder of said packing material having open portions; or portions designed to be opened along perforations; to expose further portions of the paper stack to permit said further exposed portions to make direct contact with positioning protrusions of a paper cassette when the paper stack with said remainder of said packing material therearound is positioned in said cassette.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a plan view illustrating how the paper stack is packaged using the printing paper protecting device provided according to the fourth aspect of

the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a plan view illustrating how the packaging material of Fig. 1 is unsealed;

Fig. 3 is a perspective view illustrating how the paper stack of Fig. 1 is supplied to the paper cassette;

Fig. 4 is a plan view illustrating the paper stack of fig. 10 is set in the paper cassette;

Fig. 5 is a cross-sectional view illustrating how the paper cassette of Fig. 4 is loaded in a printer body;

Fig. 6 is a plan view of a modification provided according to the fourth aspect of the present invention;

Fig. 7 is a perspective view illustrating an example of how a stack of conventional printing paper is packaged;

Fig. 8 is a perspective view illustrating another example of how a stack of conventional printing paper is packaged;

Fig. 9 is a plan view of an example of a paper cassette for a printer;

Fig. 10 is a perspective view illustrating how the paper stack packaged by the packaging material of Fig. 7 is set in the paper cassette of Fig. 9;

Fig. 11 is a perspective view illustrating how the paper stack packaged by the packaging material of Fig. 8 is set in the paper cassette of Fig. 9; and

Fig. 12 is a perspective view illustrating how the paper cassette of Fig. 9 is loaded in the printer body.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Fig. 1 is a plan view illustrating how a paper stack is packaged using the printing paper protecting device according to a first embodiment of the present invention.

In Fig. 1, the paper stack 1 is loosely packaged by a packaging material 31. The packaging material 31 has notches 31a and unsealing perforations 31b which allow the forward end portion side of the paper feed roller contact portion of the paper stack 1 to be exposed. Also, the two side portion and the rear end portion of the packaging material 31 are provided with positioning open portions 31c which allow the contact portions of the paper stack 1 to the paper cassette to be partially exposed. The printing paper protecting device according to the first embodiment comprises the packaging material 31.

When the paper stack 1 packaged in the manner described above is to be set in the paper cassette, first, the packaging material 31 is unsealed along the unsealing perforations 31b from either of the notches 31a to expose the forward end portion of the paper stack 1, as shown in Fig. 2. Next, as shown in Fig. 3, the paper stack 1 is placed in the paper cassette at a predetermined position with the paper stack 1 being held by the hand over the remaining portion of the packaging material 31. At that time, the remaining portion of the packag-

ing material 31 is not pulled out but left in the paper cassette together with the paper stack 1.

Most part of the paper stack 1 is enclosed by the packaging material 31 even after the paper stack 1 has been set in the paper cassette. Thus, soiling of the printing surface of the printing paper is prevented, and the printing quality is thus improved. Furthermore, since the positioning open portions 31c are provided, as shown in Fig. 4, the paper stack 1 makes direct contact with the positioning protrusions 4a. Consequently, the paper stack 1 can be accurately positioned, and jam or oblique feeding of the printing paper can thus be prevented.

Furthermore, in the state wherein the paper cassette is loaded in the printer body 8, as shown in Fig. 5, a paper feeding roller 32 and the actuator 12a of the sensor 12 make contact with the exposed forward end portion of the paper stack 1. Consequently, the packaging material 31 does not hinder detection of the paper end.

The shape, number and position of the positioning open portions 31c are determined according to the paper cassette and are not limited to those of this embodiment. For example, a positioning open portion 31c may be provided at each of the corner portions, as shown in Fig. 6.

A positioning open portion 31c may be designed to be opened along perforations when the paper stack 1 is set in the paper cassette so that dust does not enter therefrom during transportation. Alternatively, the entire package shown in Fig. 1 may be double-packaged for transportation.

Furthermore, the unsealing portion is not limited to the unsealing perforations 31b but it may be an unsealing ribbon.

Furthermore, the packaging material 31 which is closely attached to the paper stack 1 hinders initial paper feeding. Therefore, loose packaging of the paper stack 1 is desirable.

Furthermore, since the packaging material 31 of this embodiment is set in the paper cassette together with the paper stack 1, if the front or rear of the printing paper is printed on the packaging material 31, erroneous setting of the paper stack 1 can be easily prevented.

In the aforementioned embodiments, the sublimation type printing paper has been used. However, the printing paper is not limited to this but, for example, an OHP film may be employed.

A protecting plate may be placed on the printing surface of the printing stack and is accommodated in the paper cassette together with the paper stack. Consequently, it is not necessary for the user to directly touch the printing surface, and soiling of the printing surface of the printing paper can thus be reliably prevented. As a result, waste of the printing paper can be eliminated, and the printing quality can be improved. Furthermore, since the protecting plate may have a bending portion, the paper stack can be easily separated from the other paper stacks. Furthermore, the protecting plate will have a detecting portion, so that it does

not hinder detection that the paper is out.

The aforementioned protecting plate has the engaging portion which engages with the paper cassette when the protecting plate is suitably accommodated in the paper cassette. Thus, erroneous setting of the paper stack can be prevented.

In the printing paper protecting device provided according to another aspect of the present invention, a reinforcing plate may be laid on the paper stack, and the paper stack and the reinforcing plate are closely packaged by the packaging material having the unsealing portion at one end portion thereof. Consequently, shift of or damage to the paper stack during transportation can be prevented, and the packaging material can be easily removed by pulling out the reinforcing plate. As a result, soiling of the printing surface of the printing paper can be reliably prevented, and waste of the printing paper can be eliminated while the printing quality can be improved.

In the printing paper protecting device according to the present invention, since the paper stack is accommodated in the paper cassette in a state wherein it is packaged by the packaging material, it is not necessary for the user to directly touch the printing surface, and soiling of the printing surface of the printing paper can thus be reliably prevented. As a result, waste of the printing paper can be eliminated, and the printing quality can be improved. Also, since the packaging material has the unsealing portion which exposes the forward end portion side of the paper feed roller contact portion of the paper stack, and the positioning open portion which exposes the portion of the paper stack which makes contact with the paper cassette, it does not hinder paper feeding or positioning.

Claims

1. A paper stack (1) consisting of a pile of printing paper loosely packaged in packing material (31), said packing material having an unsealing portion (31b) enabling an end portion of said packing material to be removed to expose a forward end portion of the paper stack (1); in a manner enabling paper to be removed from said stack and from the remainder of said packing material;

said remainder of said packaging material (31) having open portions (31c); or portions (31c) designed to be opened along perforations; to expose further portions of the paper stack (1) to permit said further exposed portions to make direct contact with positioning protrusions (4a) of a paper cassette (4) when the paper stack (1) with said remainder of said packing material (31) therearound is positioned in said cassette (4).

2. A paper stack as in Claim 1 wherein the two side portions and the rear end portion of the packing material (31) are provided with said open portions (31c); or said portions (31c) designed to be opened

along perforations; to expose said further portions of the paper stack (1).

3. A paper stack as in Claim 1 wherein each of the two rear corner portions of the packing material (31) are provided with said open portions (31c); or said portions (31c) designed to be opened along perforations; to expose said further portions of the paper stack (1).
4. A paper stack (1) as in any one of Claims 1 to 3 wherein the packing material (31) has side notches (31a) leading to said unsealing portion (31b).
5. A paper stack (1) as in any one of Claims 1 to 4 wherein the most part of the paper stack (1) is enclosed by the packing material (31) after said end portion of the packing material has been removed to minimize soiling of the printing surface of the paper.

FIG. 1

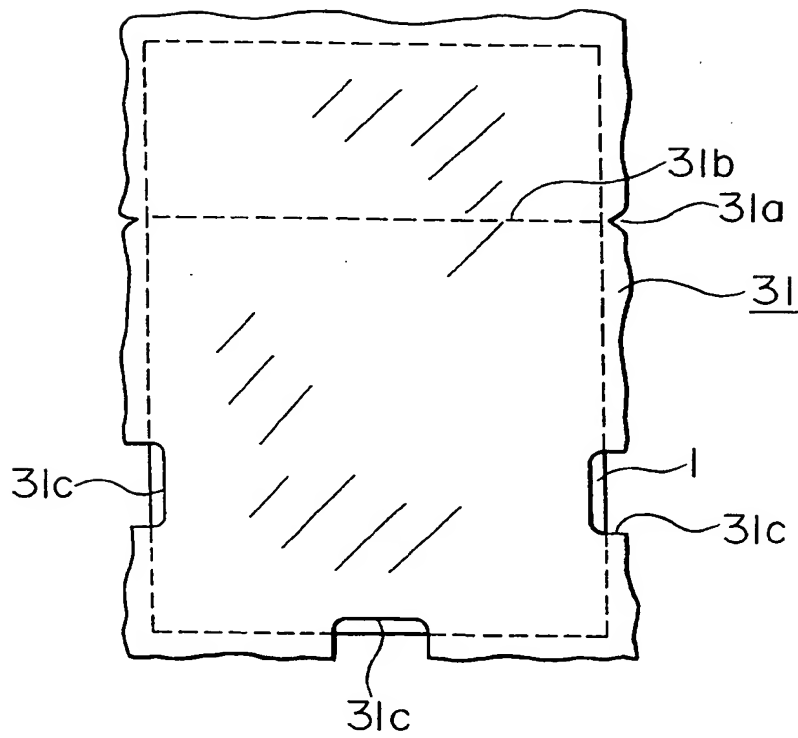


FIG. 2

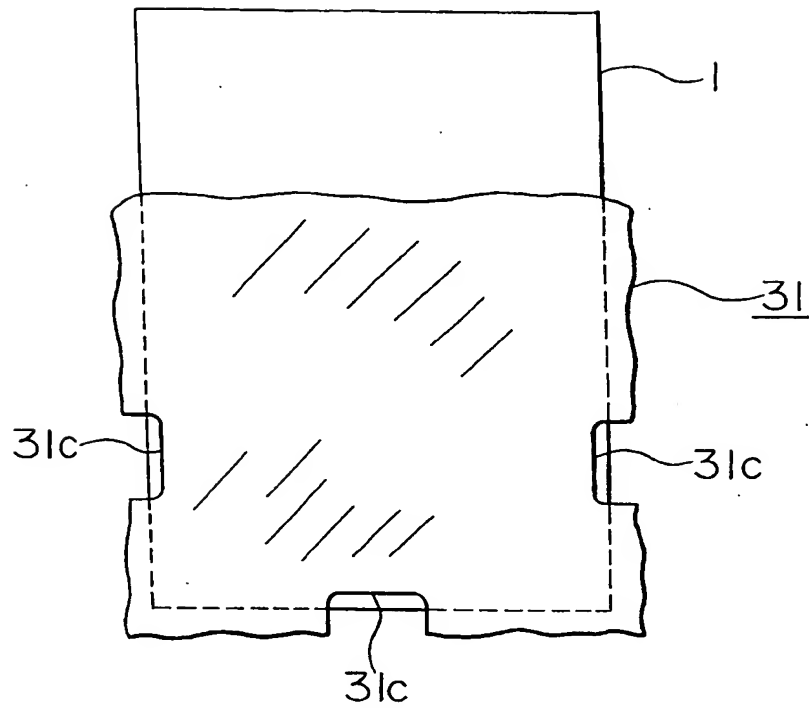


FIG. 3

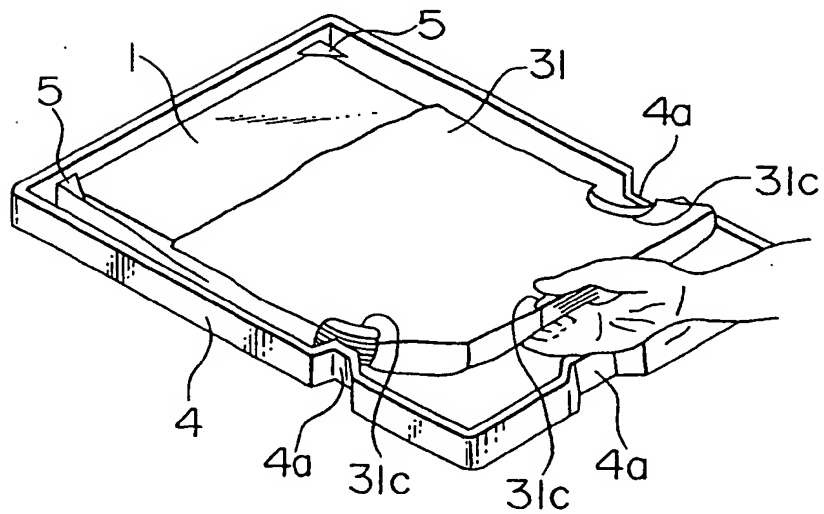


FIG. 4

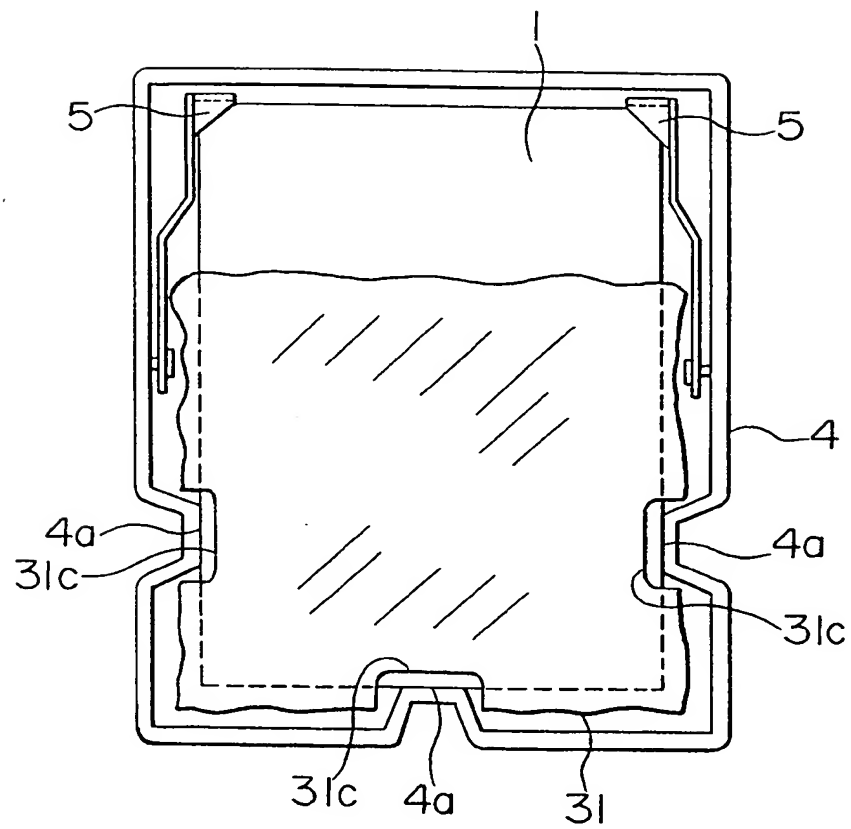


FIG. 5

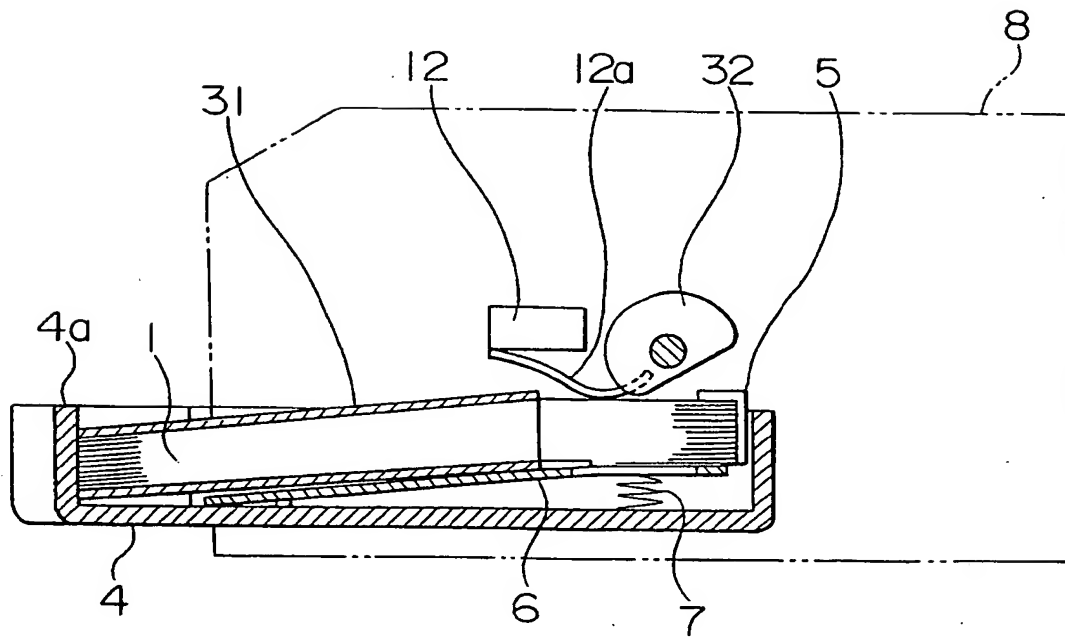


FIG. 6

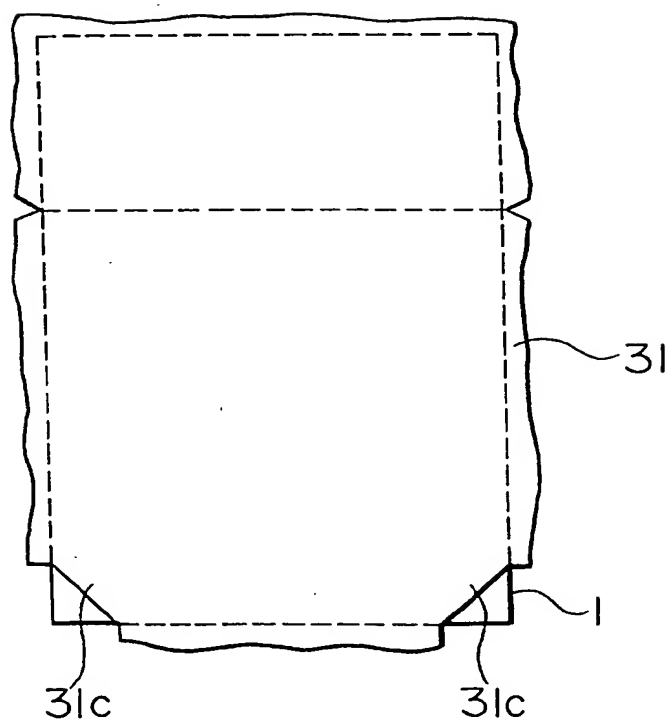


FIG. 7

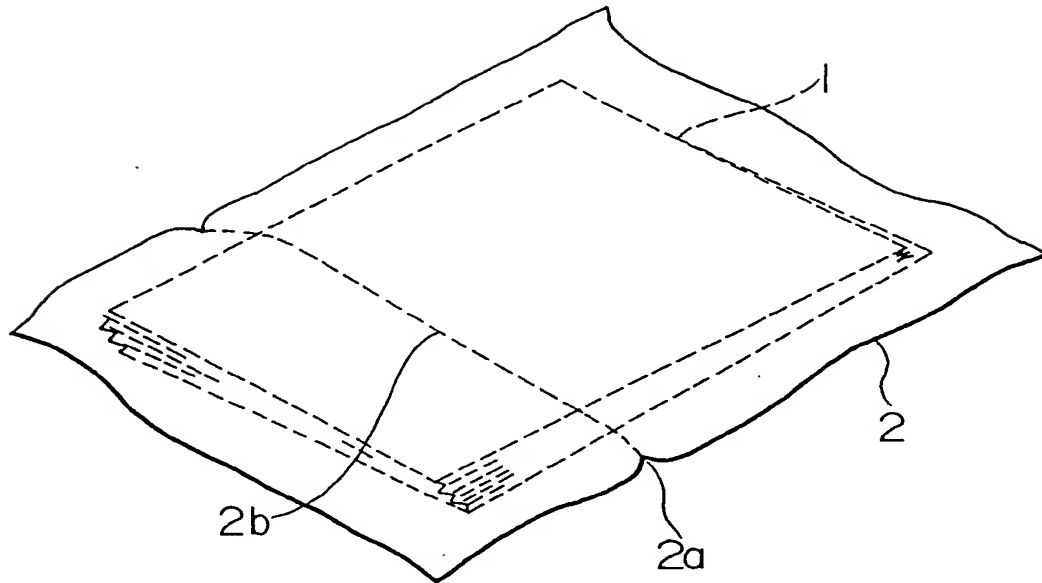


FIG. 8

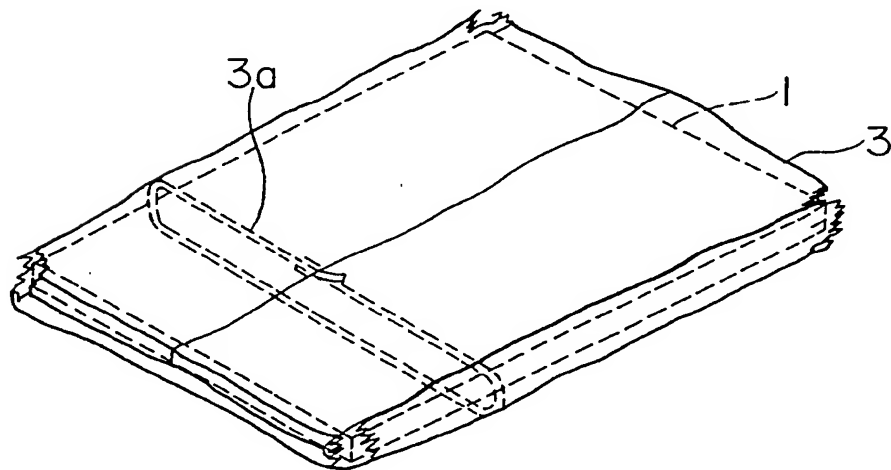


FIG. 9

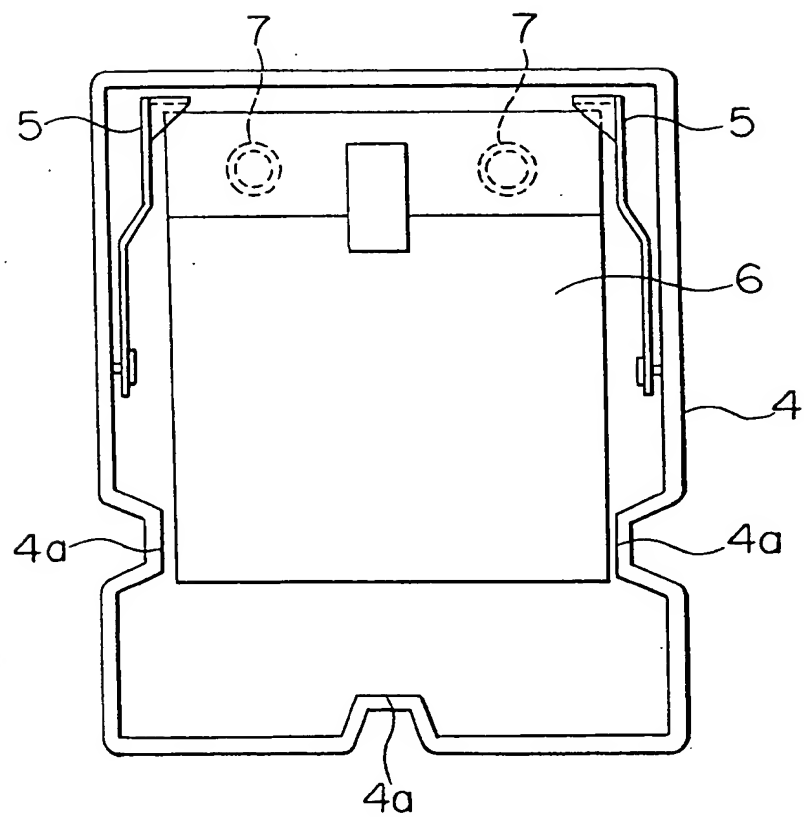


FIG. 10

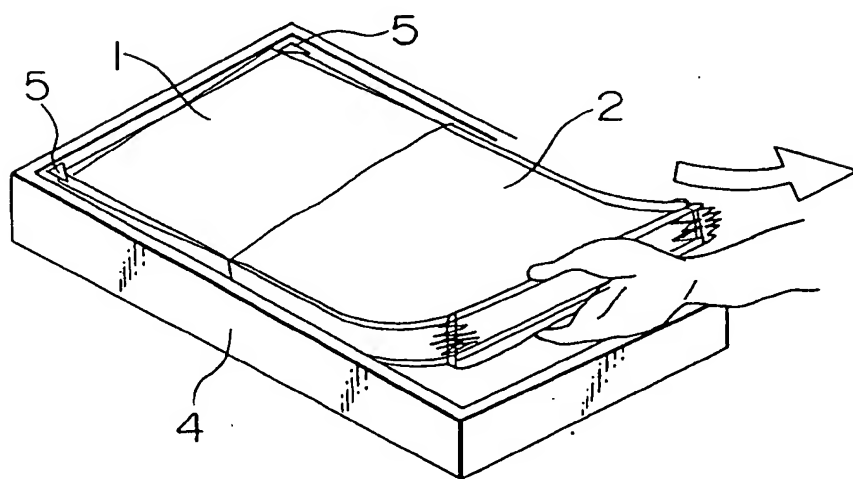


FIG. 11

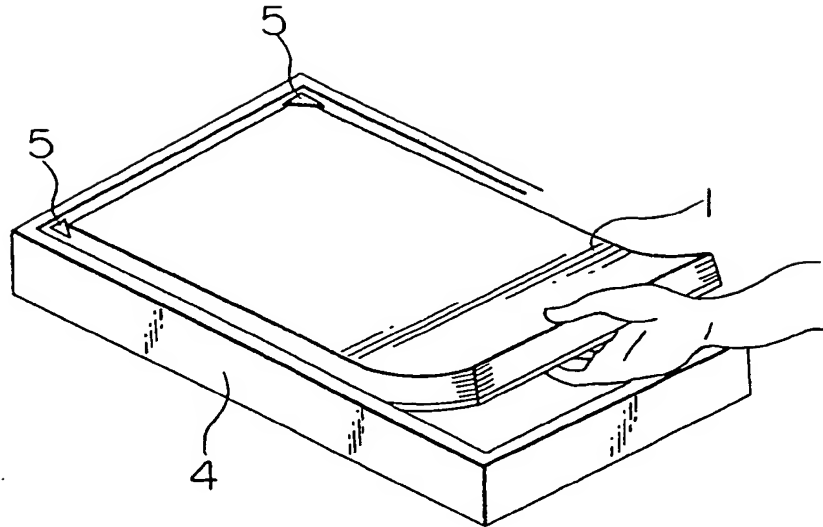
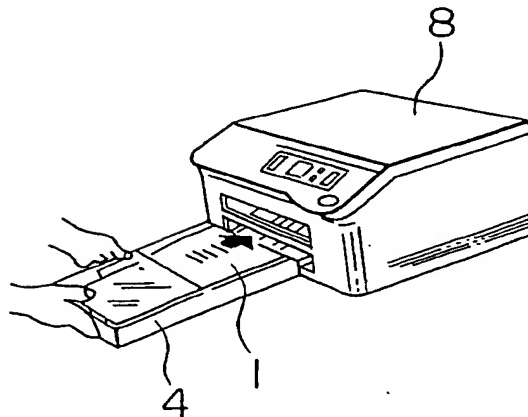


FIG. 12



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(71) Applicant: **MITSUBISHI DENKI KABUSHIKI
KAISHA
Tokyo 100 (JP)**

(72) Inventors:

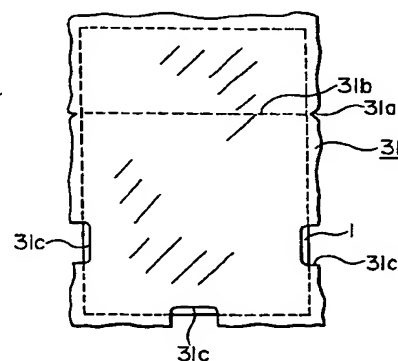
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Fukuyama-shi, Hiroshima-ken (JP)
- Kouzai, Fumio,
c/o Mitsubishi Denki K.K.
Fukuyama-shi, Hiroshima-ken (JP)

(74) Representative: **Füchsle, Klaus, Dipl.-Ing. et al
Hoffmann, Eitle & Partner,
Patentanwälte,
Arabellastrasse 4
81925 München (DE)**

(54) Printing paper protecting device

(57) The present invention is directed to the prevention of soiling of a printing surface of printing paper whilst a stack of said paper is manually loaded into a paper cassette. This is achieved by loosely packaging a stack of said paper in packing material having a removable forward end portion; and further providing the remainder of the packing material with open portions; or portions designed to be opened along perforations; to permit the resulting product to be loaded into a paper cassette whilst manually holding only the packing material and permitting the stack of paper where said open portions exist to make direct contact with positioning protrusions of said cassette.

FIG. 1



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European Patent
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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number
EP 96 12 0606

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.6)
A	EP 0 103 764 A (FUJI FILM) 28 March 1984 * the whole document * ---	1	G03B42/04
A	EP 0 154 803 A (AGFA-GEVAERTA) 18 September 1985 * the whole document * -----	1	
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.6)
			G03B
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search THE HAGUE		Date of completion of the search 16 May 1997	Examiner Evans, A
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